KUWAIT FOUNDRY COMPANY K.S.C.P.

INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) 30 JUNE 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF KUWAIT FOUNDRY COMPANY – K.S.C.P.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed statement of financial position of Kuwait Foundry Company K.S.C.P. (the "Company") as at 30 June 2022, and the related interim condensed statement of profit or loss and the interim condensed statement of comprehensive income for the three-month and sixmonth periods then ended, the interim condensed statement of changes in equity and the interim condensed statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended. The management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim condensed financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim condensed financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Furthermore, based on our review, the interim condensed financial information is in agreement with the books of account of the Company. We further report that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any violations of the Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, as amended, and its executive regulations, as amended, or of the Company's Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association, as amended, during the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Company or on its financial position.

We further report that, during the course of our review, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we have not become aware of any violations of the provisions of Law No 7 of 2010 concerning the Capital Markets Authority and its related regulations during the six-month period ended 30 June 2022 that might have had a material effect on the business of the Company or on its financial position.

BADER A. AL-ABDULJADER LICENCE NO. 207 A

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AL AIBAN, AL OSAIMI & PARTNERS

27 July 2022 Kuwait

Kuwait Foundry Company K.S.C.P.

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED) As at 30 June 2022

ASSETS	Notes	30 June 2022 KD	(Audited) 31 December 2021 KD	30 June 2021 KD
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment		299,409	302,005	305,308
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3	13,293,979	11,798,855	11,778,475
		13,593,388	12,100,860	12,083,783
Current assets				
Inventories		2,071,581	2,130,298	2,303,392
Trade and other receivables		95,646	55,598	120,455
Cash and cash equivalents	4	2,285,464	472,654	460,055
		4,452,691	2,658,550	2,883,902
TOTAL ASSETS		18,046,079	14,759,410	14,967,685
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Share capital		7,232,559	7,232,559	7,232,559
Share premium		8,026,028	8,026,028	8,026,028
Statutory reserve		3,616,280	3,616,280	3,616,280
Voluntary reserve		76,190	76,190	76,190
Fair value reserve		(2,523,796)	(4,018,920)	(4,039,300)
Foreign currency translation reserve		(1,418,868)	(1,418,868)	(1,418,868)
Retained earnings		2,414,981	589,519	717,119
		17,423,374	14,102,788	14,210,008
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities Employees' end of service benefits		106,293	101,449	153,742
Current liabilities		SATISTICAL SANSONA	075000000 0000000	
Trade and other payables	5	516,412	555,173	603,935
Total liabilities		622,705	656,622	757,677
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		18,046,079	14,759,410	14,967,685

Ahmad Jassem Al Gumar

Chairman

Al Muthana Mohammed Al Maktoum

Chief Executive Officer

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (UNAUDITED)

	_	Three moi 30 J	nths ended Iune		hs ended Iune
	Notes	2022 KD	2021 KD	2022 KD	2021 KD
Revenue from contracts with customers Cost of sales		182,842 (107,098)	176,689 (94,715)	426,285 (267,153)	428,231 (228,907)
GROSS PROFIT		75,744	81,974	159,132	199,324
Other operating income Interest income Foreign currency exchange gain (loss) Reversal provision no longer required Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses		81 13,080 7,074 (6,452) (46,715)	182 213 (821) - (2,913) (65,561)	8,394 218 13,229 7,074 (12,082) (98,731)	48,276 1,001 (1,190) 26,237 (7,148) (114,499)
OPERATING PROFIT		42,812	13,074	77,234	152,001
Net investment income		1,833,696	15,080	1,833,696	15,080
PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Allowance for) reversal of contribution to Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Sciences		1,876,508	28,154	1,910,930	167,081
("KFAS") (Allowance for) reversal of National Labour		(18,567)	785	(18,952)	(604)
Support Tax ("NLST")		(46,601)	789	(47,564)	(2,305)
(Allowance for) reversal of Zakat		(18,567)	467	(18,952)	(771)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		1,792,773	30,195	1,825,462	163,401
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE	6	24.79 Fils	0.42 Fils	25.24 Fils	2.26 Fils

Kuwait Foundry Company K.S.C.P.

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

_	Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June	
	2022 KD	2021 KD	2022 KD	2021 KD
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	1,792,773	30,195	1,825,462	163,401
Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Net gain on equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	733,456	413,501	1,495,124	942,479
Total other comprehensive income for the period	733,456	413,501	1,495,124	942,479
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	2,526,229	443,696	3,320,586	1,105,880

Kuwait Foundry Company K.S.C.P.

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	Share capital KD	Share premium KD	Statutory reserve KD	Voluntary reserve KD	Fair value reserve KD	Foreign currency translation reserve KD	Retained earnings KD	Total equity KD
As at 1 January 2022 (Audited)	7,232,559	8,026,028	3,616,280	76,190	(4,018,920)	(1,418,868)	589,519	14,102,788
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,825,462	1,825,462
Other comprehensive income	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	1,495,124	<u>-</u>	-	1,495,124
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	1,495,124	-	1,825,462	3,320,586
At 30 June 2022	7,232,559	8,026,028	3,616,280	76,190	(2,523,796)	(1,418,868)	2,414,981	17,423,374
As at 1 January 2021(Audited)	7,232,559	8,026,028	3,616,280	76,190	(4,981,779)	(1,418,868)	1,059,997	13,610,407
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	163,401	163,401
Other comprehensive income		-		<u>-</u>	942,479	-	<u>-</u>	942,479
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	942,479	-	163,401	1,105,880
Cash dividends (Note 11)		-	-	-	-	-	(506,279)	(506,279)
At 30 June 2021	7,232,559	8,026,028	3,616,280	76,190	(4,039,300)	(1,418,868)	717,119	14,210,008

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Notes		Six months ended 30 June	
	-	2022 KD	2021 KD	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit before tax		1,910,930	167,081	
Non-cash adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		2,596	5,358	
Net investment income		(1,833,696)	(15,080)	
Reversal of provision no longer required		(7,074)	(26,237)	
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		10,313	5,382	
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		- (2.10)	(777)	
Interest income		(218)	(1,001)	
Operating profit before changes in working capital		82,851	134,726	
Working capital changes:				
Inventories		58,717	55,044	
Trade and other receivables		(32,974)	(24,032)	
Trade and other payables		(124,229)	(96,281)	
Cash flows (used in) from operations		(15,635)	69,457	
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(5,469)	(80,262)	
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(21,104)	(10,805)	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Dividend income received		1,833,696	15,080	
Interest income received		218	1,001	
Purchase of items of property, plant and equipment		-	(1,257)	
Proceeds from sale property, plant and equipment		-	777	
Net cash flows from investing activities		1,833,914	15,601	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash dividends paid	11	-	(658,399)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities		-	(658,399)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,812,810	(653,603)	
Cash and cash equivalents as at the 1 January		472,654	1,113,658	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 JUNE	4	2,285,464	460,055	

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2022

1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

The interim condensed financial information of Kuwait Foundry Company K.S.C.P. (the "Company") for the six months ended 30 June 2022 was authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Company's Board of Directors on 27 July 2022.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 were approved in the annual general assembly meeting (AGM) of the shareholders held on 15 May 2022. Dividends declared and paid by the Company for the year then ended are provided in Note 11.

The Company is a public shareholding company, incorporated and domiciled in Kuwait and whose shares are publicly traded in Boursa Kuwait. The Company's registered office is located at Al Rai Industrial Area, Street (10). The Company operates in the iron industry and is principally engaged in the casting of iron and other metals and the manufacturing of industrial supplies and related products. The Company also invests surplus funds through investment portfolios.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

The interim condensed financial information of the Company, for the six months ended 30 June 2022 has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34").

The Company has prepared the interim condensed financial information on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern. The management considers that there are no material uncertainties that may cast doubt significant doubt over this assumption. They have formed a judgement that there is a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and not less than 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

The interim condensed financial information does not include all of the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

2.2 New and amended standards and interpretations

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed financial information are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 1 January 2022. The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Several amendments apply for the first time in 2022, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed financial statements of the Company.

Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract - Amendments to IAS 37

An onerous contract is a contract under which the unavoidable costs (i.e., the costs that the Company cannot avoid because it has the contract) of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

The amendments specify that when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making, an entity needs to include costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs (e.g., the costs of direct labour and materials) and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities (e.g., depreciation of equipment used to fulfil the contract as well as costs of contract management and supervision). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract.

The Company applied the amendments to the contracts for which it had not fulfilled all of its obligations at the beginning of the reporting period.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial information as the Company had not identified any contracts as being onerous as the unavoidable costs under the contracts, which were the costs of fulfilling them, comprised only incremental costs directly related to the contracts.

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2022

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 New and amended standards and interpretations (continued)

Reference to the Conceptual Framework - Amendments to IFRS 3

The amendments replace a reference to a previous version of the IASB's Conceptual Framework with a reference to the current version issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments add an exception to the recognition principle of IFRS 3 *Business Combinations* to avoid the issue of potential 'day 2' gains or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* or IFRIC 21 *Levies*, if incurred separately. The exception requires entities to apply the criteria in IAS 37 or IFRIC 21, respectively, instead of the Conceptual Framework, to determine whether a present obligation exists at the acquisition date.

The amendments also add a new paragraph to IFRS 3 to clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial information of the Company as there were no contingent assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities within the scope of these amendments arisen during the period.

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use - Amendments to IAS 16

The amendment prohibits entities from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds of the sale of items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial information of the Company as there were no sales of such items produced by property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards - Subsidiary as a first-time adopter

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS 1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported in the parent's financial statements, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRS, if no adjustments were made for consolidation procedures and for the effects of the business combination in which the parent acquired the subsidiary. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS 1.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial information of the Company as it is not a first-time adopter.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments - Fees in the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities

The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. There is no similar amendment proposed for IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed c financial statements of the Company as there were no modifications of the Company's financial instruments during the period.

IAS 41 Agriculture – Taxation in fair value measurements

The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of IAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of IAS 41.

These amendments had no impact on the interim condensed financial information of the Company as it did not have assets in scope of IAS 41 as at the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)
As at and for the period ended 30 June 2022

3 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	(Audited)				
	30 June	31 December	30 June		
	2022	2021	2021		
	KD	KD	KD		
Unquoted equity securities	13,293,979	11,798,855	11,778,475		

The hierarchy for determining the fair values of the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income by valuation techniques is presented in Note 10.

4 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the interim condensed statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the following:

	(Audited)			
	30 June	31 December	30 June	
	2022	2021	2021	
	KD	KD	KD	
Cash in hand	3,762	1,354	3,008	
Cash at banks*	2,281,702	471,300	457,047	
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,285,464	472,654	460,055	

^{*}An amount of KD 525,000 (31 December 2021: KD Nil and 30 June 2021: KD Nil) has been restricted for use in relation of establishing a new subsidiary.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

At 30 June 2022, the Company had available KD 500,000 undrawn committed overdraft facilities (31 December 2021: Nil and 30 June 2021: KD 750,000).

5 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		(Audited)	
	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2022	2021	2021
	KD	KD	KD
Trade payables	4,570	10,161	16,561
Advances from customers	48,451	66,774	58,875
Staff leave provision	17,638	16,653	27,290
Accrued expenses	-	12,119	5,771
KFAS payable	91,838	72,886	73,489
Zakat payable	18,952	-	771
NLST payable	47,564	-	2,305
Dividends and distributions payable	251,766	335,626	418,238
Other payables	35,633	40,954	635
	516,412	555,173	603,935

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2022

6 EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit for the period by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period (excluding treasury shares). Diluted EPS is calculating by dividing the profit for the period by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares. As there are no dilutive instruments outstanding, basic and diluted earnings per share are identical.

	Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net profit for the period (KD) Weighted average number of ordinary shares	1,792,773 72,325,590	30,195 72,325,590	1,825,462 72,325,590	163,401 72,325,590
Basic and diluted EPS (Fils)	24.79	0.42	25.24	2.26

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of authorisation of this interim condensed financial information.

7 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

These represent transactions with certain parties (major shareholders, associates, directors and key management personnel of the Company, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties) entered by the Company in the ordinary course of business. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Company's management.

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered with related parties during the six months 30 June 2022 and 2021:

		Six months ended 30 June	
	Major shareholder	2022	2021
	KD	KD	KD
Statement of profit or loss:			
Revenue from contracts with customers	4,184	4,184	2,341

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash, there have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables.

Transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel comprise of the Board of Directors and key members of management having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company. The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances related to key management personnel were as follows:

	Transaction values for the six months ended		Bala	at	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	31 December	30 June
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021
	KD	KD	KD	KD	KD
Salaries and other short-term benefits	31,243	61,699	3,992	7,556	605
Employees end of service benefits	873	435	3,188	2,144	1,094
	32,116	62,134	7,180	9,700	1,699

The Board of Directors of the Company at the meeting held on 17 March 2022 did not propose any directors' remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2021.

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2022

8 SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Company is organised into two major business segments. The principal activities and services under these segments are as follows:

- ▶ **Manufacturing:** which represents the manufacturing of iron and other metal products.
- ▶ **Investment:** which represents the Company's investments in securities and investment units to utilise the Company's financial surplus.

The following tables present revenue and profit information for the Company's operating segments for the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, respectively:

	Manufacturing KD	Investment KD	Unallocated KD	Total KD
Six months ended 30 June 2022 Revenue	426,285	1,833,914	15,468	2,275,667
Segment profit	160,279	1,833,914	(168,731)	1,825,462
Depreciation of property and equipment	(1,497)	-	(1,099)	(2,596)
Period ended 30 June 2021	Manufacturing KD	Investment KD	Unallocated KD	Total KD
Revenue	428,231	16,081	74,513	518,825
Segment profit	188,114	16,081	(40,794)	163,401
Depreciation of property and equipment	(4,062)	-	(1,296)	(5,358)

The following table presents assets and liabilities information for the Company's operating segments as at 30 June 2022, 31 December 2021 and 30 June 2021, respectively:

As at 30 June 2022	Manufacturing KD	Investment KD	Unallocated KD	Total KD
Total assets	2,383,789	13,293,979	2,368,311	18,046,079
Total liabilities	106,292	-	516,413	622,705
As at 31 December 2021 (Audited)				
Total assets	2,449,419	11,798,855	511,136	14,759,410
Total liabilities	134,542	-	522,080	656,622
As at 30 June 2021				
Total assets	2,729,152	11,778,475	460,058	14,967,685
Total liabilities	103,361	-	654,316	757,677

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2022

9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

		(Audited)		
	30 June 31 December 30 Ju			
	2022	2021	2021	
	KD	KD	KD	
Contingent liabilities				
Guarantees to an unrelated party	2,150	2,150	22,150	

The Company had no capital commitments as at the reporting date.

10 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in orderly transactions between market participants at the measurement date.

Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole, as follows:

- ▶ Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ► Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- ► Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The management assessed that cash and short-term deposits, trade and other receivables, trade payables, bank overdrafts and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The fair value measurements for the unquoted securities have been categorised as Level 3 fair values based on the inputs to the valuation techniques used.

There were no changes in the Company's valuation processes, valuation techniques, and types of inputs used in the fair value measurements during the period.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements during the period, and no transfers into or out of Level 3 fair value measurements during the six months ended 30 June 2022.

Reconciliation of recurring fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

	Non-listed equ	Non-listed equity instruments	
	Financial assets		
	at FVOCI	Total	
30 June 2022	KD	KD	
As at 1 January 2022	11,798,855	11,798,855	
Remeasurement recognised in OCI	1,495,124	1,495,124	
As at 30 June 2022	13,293,979	13,293,979	

As at and for the period ended 30 June 2022

10 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

Reconciliation of recurring fair value measurements categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

	Non-listed equ	ity instruments
	Financial	
31 D	assets at	m . 1
31 December 2021 (Audited)	FVOCI	Total
	KD	KD
As at 1 January 2021	10,835,996	10,835,996
Remeasurement recognised in OCI	962,859	962,859
As at 31 December 2021	11,798,855	11,798,855
As at 31 December 2021	=====	=====
	Non-listed equity instruments	
	Financial assets	
20.7	at FVOCI	Total
30 June 2021	KD	KD
As at 1 January 2021	10,835,996	10,835,996
Remeasurement recognised in OCI	942,479	942,479
A	11.770.475	11.770.475
As at 30 June 2021	11,778,475	11,778,475

The Company has performed a sensitivity analysis to the range of significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements during the period. Based on such analysis, there is no material impact on the interim condensed financial information.

Description of significant unobservable inputs to valuation of financial assets:

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorised within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis are as shown below:

FVOCI	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Multiplier	Sensitivity of the input to fair value
Unquoted securities	Market multiple approach	Sector multiple	1.1	10% increase (decrease) in the Sector PBV multiple would result in an increase (decrease) in fair value by KD 1,321,681 (31 December 2021: KD 1,458,476)
		DLOM	40%	5% increase (decrease) in the DLOM would result in (decrease) increase in fair value by KD 1,101,401 (31 December 2021: KD 494,916)

^{*} Discount for lack of marketability ("DLOM") represents the amounts that the Company has determined that market participants would take into account when pricing the investments.

11 DISTRIBUTIONS MADE AND PROPOSED

The Board of Directors, in their meeting held on 17 March 2022, did not propose cash dividends for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: 7 fils per share aggregating to KD 506,279). The proposal was approved by the shareholders at the annual general assembly (AGM) held on 15 May 2022. The proposed dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 was approved by the shareholders at the AGM held on 7 March 2021.